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OFFICE OF PETITIONS

In re Application of

Johnson, et al

Application No. 10/062,798

Filed: January 31, 2002

Attorney Docket No. 33472/1

ON PETITION

This is a decision on the petition under 37 CFR 1.78(a)(3), filed July 9, 2007, to accept an unintentionally delayed claim under 35 U.S.C §120 for the benefit of priority to the prior –filed non-provisional application set forth in the amendment filed concurrently with the instant petition.

The petition under 37 CFR 1.78(a)(3) is **GRANTED**.

A petition for acceptance of a claim for late priority under 37 CFR 1.78(a)(3) is only applicable to those applications filed on, or after, November 29, 2000. Further, the petition is appropriate only after the expiration of the period specified in 37 CFR 1.78(a)(2)(ii). In addition, the petition under 37 CFR 1.78(a)(3) must be accompanied by:

- 1. the reference required by 35 U.S.C § 120 and 37 CFR § 1.78(a)(2)(i) of the prior-filed application, unless previously submitted;
- 2. the surcharge set forth in § 1.17(t), and
- a statement that the entire delay between the date the claim was due under 37 CFR 1.78(a)(2)(ii) and the date the claim was filed was unintentional. The Commissioner may require additional information where there is a question whether the delay was unintentional.

The instant pending application was filed on January 31, 2002, and was pending at the time of the filing of the instant petition. A reference to the prior-filed nonprovisional application has been included in an amendment to the first page of the specification, as required by 37 CFR 1.78(a)(2)(iii).

The instant nonprovisional application was filed after November 29, 2000, and the claim herein for the benefit of priority to the prior-filed application is submitted after the expiration of the period specified in 37 CFR 1.78(a)(2)(ii). Also, the reference to the prior filed application was submitted during the pendency of the instant nonprovisional application for which the claim for benefit of priority is sought. See 35 U.S.C. § 120. Accordingly, having found that the instant petition for acceptance of an unintentionally delayed claim for benefit of priority under 35 U.S.C. § 120 to the prior-filed non-provisional application satisfies the conditions of 37 CFR 1.78(a)(3), the petition is granted.

The granting of the petition to accept the delayed benefit claim to the prior-filed application under 37 CFR 1.78(a)(3) should not be construed as meaning the instant application is entitled to the benefit of the prior-filed application. In order for the instant application to be entitled to the benefit of the prior-filed application, all other requirements under 35 U.S.C. § 120 and 37 CFR 1.78(a)(1) and (a)(2) must be met. Similarly, the fact that the corrected Filing Receipt accompanying this decision on petition includes the prior-filed application should not be construed as meaning that applicant is entitled to the claim for benefit of priority to the prior-filed application noted thereon. Accordingly, the examiner will, in due course, consider this benefit claim and determine whether the instant application is entitled to the benefit of the earlier filing date.

A corrected Filing Receipt, which includes the priority claim to the prior-filed applications, accompanied this decision on petition.

Any inquiries concerning this decision may be directed to Kenya A. McLaughlin, Petitions Attorney, at (571)272-3222.

This matter is being referred to Technology Center 3600, Art Unit 3693 for appropriate action on the amendment filed July 9, 2007, including consideration by the examiner of applicant's entitlement to claim benefit of priority under 35 U.S.C. §120 to the prior-filed non-provisional application.

Anthony Knight Supervisor

Office of Petitions

Enclosure: Corrected Filing Receipt.



United States Patent and Trademark Office

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APPLICATION	FILING or	GRP ART				
NUMBER	371(ci DATE	UNIT	FIL FEE RECTO	ATTY.DOCKET,NO	TOT CLAIMS	IND CLAIMS
10/062,798	01/31/2002	3693	1648	33472/1	43	8

27614 MCCARTER & ENGLISH, LLP FOUR GATEWAY CENTER 100 MULBERRY STREET NEWARK, NJ 07102 CONFIRMATION NO. 3434
CORRECTED FILING RECEIPT



Date Mailed: 06/12/2008

Receipt is acknowledged of this non-provisional patent application. The application will be taken up for examination in due course. Applicant will be notified as to the results of the examination. Any correspondence concerning the application must include the following identification information: the U.S. APPLICATION NUMBER, FILING DATE, NAME OF APPLICANT, and TITLE OF INVENTION. Fees transmitted by check or draft are subject to collection. Please verify the accuracy of the data presented on this receipt. If an error is noted on this Filing Receipt, please submit a written request for a Filing Receipt Correction. Please provide a copy of this Filing Receipt with the changes noted thereon. If you received a "Notice to File Missing Parts" for this application, please submit any corrections to this Filing Receipt with your reply to the Notice. When the USPTO processes the reply to the Notice, the USPTO will generate another Filing Receipt Incorporating the requested corrections

Applicant(s)

Jack J. Johnson, Summit, NJ; William F. Coyle, Summit, NJ;

Power of Attorney: The patent practitioners associated with Customer Number 27614

Domestic Priority data as claimed by applicant

This application is a CON of 09/542,451 04/04/2000 PAT 6,598,029 which is a CIP of 09/023,968 02/13/1998 PAT 6,047,274 which claims benefit of 60/039,041 02/24/1997 and claims benefit of 60/064,421 10/30/1997

Foreign Applications

If Required, Foreign Filing License Granted: 04/03/2002

The country code and number of your priority application, to be used for filing abroad under the Paris Convention, is **US 10/062,798**

Projected Publication Date: Not Applicable

Non-Publication Request: No

Early Publication Request: No

** SMALL ENTITY **

Title

Bidding for energy supply

Preliminary Class

705

PROTECTING YOUR INVENTION OUTSIDE THE UNITED STATES

Since the rights granted by a U.S. patent extend only throughout the territory of the United States and have no effect in a foreign country, an inventor who wishes patent protection in another country must apply for a patent in a specific country or in regional patent offices. Applicants may wish to consider the filing of an international application under the Patent Cooperation Treaty (PCT). An international (PCT) application generally has the same effect as a regular national patent application in each PCT-member country. The PCT process simplifies the filing of patent applications on the same invention in member countries, but does not result in a grant of "an international patent" and does not eliminate the need of applicants to file additional documents and fees in countries where patent protection is desired.

Almost every country has its own patent law, and a person desiring a patent in a particular country must make an application for patent in that country in accordance with its particular laws. Since the laws of many countries differ in various respects from the patent law of the United States, applicants are advised to seek guidance from specific foreign countries to ensure that patent rights are not lost prematurely.

Applicants also are advised that in the case of inventions made in the United States, the Director of the USPTO must issue a license before applicants can apply for a patent in a foreign country. The filing of a U.S. patent application serves as a request for a foreign filing license. The application's filing receipt contains further information and guidance as to the status of applicant's license for foreign filing.

Applicants may wish to consult the USPTO booklet, "General Information Concerning Patents" (specifically, the section entitled "Treaties and Foreign Patents") for more information on timeframes and deadlines for filing foreign patent applications. The guide is available either by contacting the USPTO Contact Center at 800-786-9199, or it can be viewed on the USPTO website at http://www.uspto.gov/web/offices/pac/doc/general/index.html.

For information on preventing theft of your intellectual property (patents, trademarks and copyrights), you may wish to consult the U.S. Government website, http://www.stopfakes.gov, Part of a Department of Commerce initiative, this website includes self-help "toolkits" giving innovators guidance on how to protect intellectual property in specific countries such as China, Korea and Mexico. For questions regarding patent enforcement issues, applicants may call the U.S. Government hotline at 1-866-999-HALT (1-866-999-4158).

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